

# SENATE BILL No. 411

DIGEST OF SB 411 (Updated January 20, 2004 4:48 pm - DI 102)

**Citations Affected:** IC 3-5; IC 3-10; IC 3-11; IC 3-12; IC 20-4; IC 33-2.1; IC 33-4; IC 33-5; IC 33-5.1; IC 33-10.5.

**Synopsis:** Ballot form. Establishes a ballot form that lists candidates by office for optical scan and electronic voting systems. Provides that references to punch card ballots expire December 31, 2005, because the use of punch card ballots is prohibited after that date. Removes references to ballot card and electronic voting systems in provisions that only apply to paper ballots. Requires that certain features of an electronic voting system concerning the verification or correction of a voter's ballot apply after December 31, 2005.

Effective: Upon passage.

## Lawson C

January 12, 2004, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Civic Affairs. January 22, 2004, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.





### Second Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2004)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2003 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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### SENATE BILL No. 411

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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5	the voter.
1	card that indicates a vote on the card when entirely punched out by
3	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8.7. (a) "Chad" means the part of a ballot
2	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
l	SECTION 1. IC 3-5-2-8.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE

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- (b) This section expires December 31, 2005.
- SECTION 2. IC 3-5-2-34.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 34.7. (a) "Paper ballot" refers to a ballot that is:
  - (1) marked by a voter using a pen or pencil; and
  - (2) designed to be counted by hand and not counted on an automatic tabulating machine.
  - (b) "Paper ballot" does not include a ballot card.
- 15 SECTION 3. IC 3-10-1-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.66-2003,
- 16 SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
- 17 UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) The primary election paper ballots,



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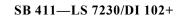
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1	and ballot cards, and ballot labels of each political party must be of
2	uniform size and of the same quality paper as the paper ballots, and
3	ballot cards, and ballot labels used at the general election.
4	(b) The paper ballots and ballot cards must be distinctively marked
5	or be of a different color so that the ballots of each party are easily
6	distinguishable.
7	(c) This subsection applies to all voting systems. All the
8	candidates representing one (1) party shall be placed on one (1) ticket
9	with the name of the party placed at the top or beginning of the ballot
10	in the form prescribed by section 19 of this chapter.
11	SECTION 4. IC 3-10-1-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. (a) Each
13	political party holding a primary election shall have a separate ticket,
14	either in printed ballot form as prescribed by sections 13 and 14 of this
15	chapter, or on separate ballot cards or ballot labels.
16	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) or (d), the name of each
17	candidate who has qualified under IC 3-8 shall be placed on the ballot
18	under a designation of the office for which the person is a candidate.
19	However,
20	(c) This subsection applies to a punch card ballot and expires
21	December 31, 2005. The name of each candidate who has qualified
22	under IC 3-8 shall be placed on the ballot and indicated by
23	reference to a number printed on the punch card.
24	(d) This subsection applies to an optical scan ballot card voting
25	system that does not list the name of a candidate on the ballot card.
26	The name of each candidate who has qualified under IC 3-8 shall
27	be placed on the ballot and indicated by reference to a number
28	printed on the optical scan ballot card.
29	(e) The name of a candidate may not appear on the ballot of more
30	than one (1) party for the same office.
31	SECTION 5. IC 3-10-1-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.176-1999,
32	SECTION 57, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 17. Political parties may be distinguished in
34	a primary election by the use of different color paper ballots, ballot
35	cards, or ballot labels. The party name shall be placed before the list
36	of candidates of the party.
37	SECTION 6. IC 3-10-1-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 19. (a) The ballot
39	for a primary election shall be printed in substantially the following
40	form for all the offices for which candidates have qualified under
41	II 3-X

OFFICIAL PRIMARY BALLOT



1	Party	
2	For paper ballots, print: To vote for a person make a voting mark	
3	(X or ) on or in the box before the person's name in the proper	
4	column. For punch card ballots, print: To vote for a person, punch	
5	through the chad before the number assigned to the person's name	
6	in the proper column. For optical scan ballots, print: To vote for a	
7	person, shade in the oval (or draw a line to connect the arrow) that	
8	precedes the person's name in the proper column. For optical scan	
9	ballots that do not contain a candidate's name, print: To vote for	
0	a person, shade in the oval that precedes the number assigned to	
1	the person's name in the proper column. For electronic voting	
2	systems, print: To vote for a person touch the screen (or press the	
3	button) in the location indicated.	
4	Vote for one only	
5	Representative in Congress	
6	[] (1) AB	
7	[] (2) CD	U
8	[] (3) EF	
9	[] (4) GH	
0.0	(b) The offices with candidates for nomination shall be placed on	
1	the primary election ballot in the following order:	
.2	(1) Federal and state offices:	
.3	(A) President of the United States.	
.4	(B) United States Senator.	
.5	(C) Governor.	
.6	(D) United States Representative.	
27	(2) Legislative offices:	₹1
8	(A) State senator.	V
.9	(B) State representative.	
0	(3) Circuit offices and county judicial offices:	
1	(A) Judge of the circuit court, and unless otherwise specified	
2	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than	
3	one (1) judge of the circuit court.	
4	(B) Judge of the superior court, and unless otherwise specified	
5	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than	
6	one (1) judge of the superior court.	
7	(C) Judge of the probate court.	
8	(D) Judge of the county court, with each division separate, as	
9	required by IC 33-10.5-4-2.	
-0	(E) Prosecuting attorney.	
-1	(F) Clerk of the circuit court.	
12	(4) County offices:	





1	(A) County auditor.	
2	(B) County recorder.	
3	(C) County treasurer.	
4	(D) County sheriff.	
5	(E) County coroner.	
6	(F) County surveyor.	
7	(G) County assessor.	
8	(H) County commissioner.	
9	(I) County council member.	
10	(5) Township offices:	
11	(A) Township assessor.	
12	(B) Township trustee.	
13	(C) Township board member.	
14	(D) Judge of the small claims court.	
15	(E) Constable of the small claims court.	
16	(6) City offices:	
17	(A) Mayor.	
18	(B) Clerk or clerk-treasurer.	
19	(C) Judge of the city court.	
20	(D) City-county council member or common council member.	
21	(7) Town offices:	
22	(A) Clerk-treasurer.	
23	(B) Judge of the town court.	
24	(C) Town council member.	_
25	(c) The political party offices with candidates for election shall be	
26	placed on the primary election ballot in the following order after the	
27	offices described in subsection (b):	
28	(1) Precinct committeeman.	Y
29	(2) State convention delegate.	
30	(d) The following offices and public questions shall be placed on the	
31	primary election ballot in the following order after the offices described	
32	in subsection (c):	
33	(1) School board offices to be elected at the primary election.	
34	(2) Other local offices to be elected at the primary election.	
35	(3) Local public questions.	
36	(e) The offices and public questions described in subsection (d)	
37	shall be placed:	
38	(1) in a separate column on the ballot if voting is by paper ballot;	
39	(2) after the offices described in subsection (c) in the form	
40	specified in IC 3-11-13-11 if voting is by ballot card; voting	
41	<del>system, or</del>	
42	(3) either:	



1	(A) on a separate screen for each office or public question;	
2	or	
3	(B) after the offices described in subsection (c) in the form	
4	specified in IC 3-11-14-3.5;	
5	if voting is by an electronic voting system; or	
6	(4) in a separate column of ballot labels if voting is by voting	
7	machine.	
8	(f) A public question shall be placed on the primary election ballot	
9	in the following form:	
10	(The explanatory text for the public question,	
11	if required by law.)	
12	"Shall (insert public question)?"	
13	[] YES	
14	[] NO	
15	SECTION 7. IC 3-10-1-19.7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 19.7. The ballot for	
17	a primary election is not required to contain the information set forth	
18	under IC 3-11-2-10, IC 3-11-13-11, or IC 3-11-14-3.5 concerning:	
19	(1) write-in voting; or	
20	(2) independent candidates or tickets;	
21	except when an office for which write-in candidates or independent	
22	candidates or tickets are permitted is elected at the same time as the	
23	primary election.	
24	SECTION 8. IC 3-10-1-26 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	_
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 26. (a) This	
26	section applies only to paper ballots.	
27	(b) After marking a paper ballot a voter shall fold each ballot	
28	separately in a manner that its face will be concealed and the initials of	<b>Y</b>
29	the poll clerks or assistant poll clerks seen.	
30	(b) (c) After leaving the booth, a voter shall return the pencil to a	
31	poll clerk or assistant poll clerk and display the initials on each ballot	
32	to the inspector.	
33	(c) (d) If a voter offers to vote a ballot folded so that it does not	
34	disclose the initials of the poll clerks or assistant poll clerks while also	
35	not disclosing the face of the ballot, the precinct election board shall	
36	direct the voter to return to the booth and fold the ballot properly.	
37	(d) (e) After properly displaying the initials on the ballot, the voter	
38	then shall:	
39	(1) deposit the ballot in the ballot box; or	
40	(2) at the voter's option return the ballot to the inspector, who	
41	shall deposit it in the ballot box.	
42	(e) (f) The poll clerk or assistant poll clerk shall then place a voting	



1	mark opposite the voter's name on the poll list. The voter then shall
2	leave the polls.
3	SECTION 9. IC 3-10-4-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
4	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) The names of the
5	candidates of:
6	(1) a political party;
7	(2) a group of petitioners under IC 3-8-6; or
8	(3) a write-in candidate for the office of President or Vice
9	President of the United States under IC 3-8-2-1.5; IC 3-8-2-2.5;
10	for electors of President and Vice President of the United States may
11	not be placed on the ballot.
12	(b) The names of the nominees for President and Vice President of
13	the United States of each political party or group of petitioners shall be
14	placed:
15	(1) in one (1) column on the ballot if paper ballots or a ballot card
16	voting system is are used;
17	(2) on one (1) ballot label in one (1) column or row if voting
18	machines are used; or
19	(3) in a separate column on the ballot label either:
20	(A) grouped together on a separate screen; or
21	(B) grouped together below the names of the offices as
22	specified in IC 3-11-14-3.5;
23	if an electronic voting system is used; or
24	(4) grouped together below the names of the offices as
25	specified in IC 3-11-13-11 if a ballot card is used.
26	(c) The name of each write-in candidate for the office of President
27	or Vice President of the United States shall be placed as provided
28	under IC 3-11-2-6.
29	SECTION 10. IC 3-10-4-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) If This
31	section applies when paper ballots or a ballot card voting system is
32	are used.
33	<b>(b)</b> A single square shall be printed in front of a bracket enclosing
34	the names of the nominees for President and Vice President of the
35	United States on the left margin of each separate column of the ballot,
36	immediately opposite the names of the nominees.
37	(b) (c) The device named and list of nominees of the political party
38	whose nominee received the highest number of votes in that county for
39	secretary of state at the last election shall be placed in the first column
40	on the left side of the ballot. if paper ballots or a ballot card voting
41	system is used or, if voting machines or an electronic voting system is

used, in the first column or row. The political party whose nominee



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1	received the second highest number of votes in that county for
2	secretary of state at the last election shall be placed in the second
3	column. or row. Other political parties shall be placed on the ballot in
4	the same order.
5	(c) (d) If a political party or an independent ticket did not have a
6	candidate for secretary of state in the last election, the party or ticket
7	shall be placed on the ballot after the parties described in subsection
8	(b). (c). If more than one (1) political party or independent ticket that
9	has qualified to be on the ballot did not have a candidate for secretary
10	of state in the last election, each party or independent ticket shall be
11	listed on the ballot in the order in which the party or independent ticket
12	filed a petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.
13	SECTION 11. IC 3-10-4-2.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
14	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2.1. (a) This section applies when an optical
16	scan ballot card is used.
17	(b) A single connectable arrow, oval, or square must be printed:
18	(1) in front of a bracket enclosing; and
19	(2) immediately opposite;
20	the names of the nominees for President and Vice President of the
21	United States for each political party or group of petitioners
22	grouped as described in section $1(b)(4)$ of this chapter.
23	(c) The nominees for President and Vice President of the United
24	States must be grouped under the names of the offices in the order
25	established by IC 3-11-13-11.
26	SECTION 12. IC 3-10-4-2.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
27	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2.2. (a) This section applies when an
29	electronic voting system is used.
30	(b) A single touch sensitive point or button place must be
31	provided:
32	(1) in front of a bracket printed on the ballot label enclosing;

- (1) in front of a bracket printed on the ballot label enclosing; and
- (2) immediately opposite;
- the names of the nominees for President and Vice President of the United States for each political party or group of petitioners grouped as described in section 1(b)(3) of this chapter.
- (c) The nominees for President and Vice President of the United States must be grouped under the names of the offices in the order established by IC 3-11-14-3.5.

SECTION 13. IC 3-10-4-2.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



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1	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2.3. (a) This section applies when a punch
2	card ballot is used.
3	(b) A chad must be printed immediately opposite the number
4	assigned to the names of the nominees for President and Vice
5	President of the United States for each political party or group of
6	petitioners as described in section 1(b)(4) of this chapter.
7	(c) The nominees for President and Vice President of the United
8	States must be grouped under the names of the offices in the order
9	established by IC 3-11-13-11.
10	(d) This section expires December 31, 2005.
11	SECTION 14. IC 3-10-7-32 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 32. (a) A town
13	election board shall determine what voting method will be used in a
14	municipal election.
15	(b) The town election board and its precinct election officers shall
16	perform the duties of the county election board and its precinct election
17	officers under IC 3-11 for each voting method used.
18	(c) The town election board shall prepare the ballots in the form
19	prescribed by IC 3-11-2 IC 3-11 and distribute them to the precincts in
20	the town.
21	(d) This subsection applies only to paper ballots. Notwithstanding
22	subsection (c), the town election board, by unanimous consent of the
23	board's entire membership, may authorize the printing or reproduction
24	of ballots on equipment under the control of the town clerk-treasurer.
25	If the town election board acts under this subsection, the ballots are not
26	required to conform to the precise dimensions concerning the size of
27	political party devices under IC 3-11-2-9 or the placement of a
28	candidate's name under IC 3-11-2-10(e). However, the ballots must
29	otherwise substantially conform with IC 3-11-2.
30	SECTION 15. IC 3-11-2-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
31	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 0.5. (a) This chapter applies only to paper
33	ballots.
34	(b) This chapter does not apply to:
35	(1) an electronic voting system; or
36	(2) an optical scan voting system.
37	(c) This chapter does not apply to:
38	(1) a voting machine; or
39	(2) a punch card ballot voting system.
40	This subsection expires December 31, 2005.
41	SECTION 16. IC 3-11-2-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
42	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. (a) The name



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or title of the political party or independent ticket shall be placed at the top of the ballot. The device of the political party or independent candidate shall be placed immediately under the name of the political party or independent ticket. The instructions for voting a straight party ticket shall be placed to the right of the device. or if the ballot is part of a direct recording electronic voting system:  (1) the instructions for voting a straight party ticket; and (2) the statement concerning presidential electors required under
<del>IC 3-10-4-3;</del>
may be posted in any location within the voting booth that permits the
voter to easily read the instructions instead of on the ballot face.  (b) The instructions for voting a straight party ticket must conform as nearly as possible to the following: "To vote a straight (insert political party name) ticket for all (political party name) candidates on this ballot, make a voting mark on or in this circle and do not make any

voting mark on the appropriate place on this ballot.".

(c) If the ballot contains an independent ticket and at least one (1) other independent candidate, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "A vote cast for an independent ticket will only be counted for the candidates for President and Vice President or governor and lieutenant governor comprising that independent ticket. This vote will NOT be counted for any OTHER independent candidate appearing on the ballot.".

other marks on this ballot. If you wish to vote for a candidate seeking

a nonpartisan office or on a public question, you must make another

- (d) The ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "A write-in vote will NOT be counted unless the vote is for a DECLARED write-in candidate. To vote for a write-in candidate, you must make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the name you have written in or your vote will not be counted."
- (e) Except for variations in ballot arrangement permitted for voting machines under IC 3-11-12-7, ballot card voting systems under IC 3-11-13-11, or electronic voting systems under IC 3-11-14-7, the list of candidates of the political party shall be placed immediately under the instructions for voting a straight party ticket. The names of the candidates shall be placed three-fourths (3/4) of an inch apart from center to center of the name. The name of each candidate must have, immediately on its left, a square three-eighths (3/8) of an inch on each side.
- (f) The election division or the circuit court clerk may authorize the printing of ballots containing a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot is used within a precinct.











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1	SECTION 17. IC 3-11-2-12.9, AS ADDED BY P.L.83-1999,
2	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12.9. (a) School board offices to be elected at
4	the general election shall be placed on the general election ballot after
5	the offices described in section 12 of this chapter.
6	(b) School board offices shall be placed in a separate column on the
7	ballot or ballot label if voting is by paper ballot, ballot card voting
8	system, or electronic voting system or in a separate column of ballot
9	labels if voting is by voting machine.
10	(c) This subsection applies to voting done by paper ballot or a ballot
11	card voting system. If the ballot contains a candidate for a school board
12	office, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially
13	as follows: "To vote for a candidate for this office, make a voting mark
14	on or in the square to the left of the candidate's name."
15	SECTION 18. IC 3-11-2-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.83-1999,
16	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) The following offices and public
18	questions shall be placed on the general election ballot in the following
19	order after the offices described in section 12.9 of this chapter:
20	(1) Retention of a justice of the supreme court.
21	(2) Retention of a judge of the court of appeals.
22	(3) Retention of the judge of the tax court.
23	(4) Ratification of a state constitutional amendment.
24	(b) Whenever more than one (1) justice of the supreme court is
25	subject to retention, the name of each justice must appear on the ballot
26	in alphabetical order. However, if the justice serving as chief justice is
27	subject to retention, the chief justice's name must appear first.
28	(c) Whenever more than one (1) judge of the court of appeals is
29	subject to retention, the name of each judge must appear on the ballot
30	in alphabetical order. However, if the judge serving as chief judge is
31	subject to retention, the chief judge's name must appear first.
32	(d) These offices and public questions shall be placed in a separate

of ballot labels if voting is by voting machine. SECTION 19. IC 3-11-2-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.83-1999, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14. (a) The following offices and public questions shall be placed on the general election ballot in the following order after the offices and public questions described in section 13 of

column on the ballot or ballot label if voting is by paper ballot, ballot

card voting system, or electronic voting system or in a separate column

40 41 this chapter:

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(1) Retention of a local judge.



1	(2) Local nonpartisan judicial offices.
2	(3) Local public questions.
3	(b) These offices and public questions shall be placed in a separate
4	column on the ballot or ballot label if voting is by paper ballot, ballot
5	card voting system, or electronic voting system or in a separate column
6	of ballot labels if voting is by voting machine.
7	(c) If the ballot contains a candidate for a local nonpartisan judicial
8	office, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially
9	as follows: "To vote for a candidate for this office, make a voting mark
10	on or in the square to the left of the candidate's name."
11	(d) If more than one (1) local public question concerning the
12	retention of a local judge is to be placed on a ballot, the public
13	questions shall be placed on the ballot:
14	(1) in alphabetical order according to the surname of the local
15	judge; and
16	(2) identifying the court (including division or room) in which the
17	judge serves.
18	SECTION 20. IC 3-11-12-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) Political
20	parties may be distinguished in a primary election by the use of
21	different colored ballot labels.
22	(b) The party device for a political party that has been adopted in
23	accordance with IC 3-8 and the party name or other designation shall
24	be prefixed to the list of candidates of the party.
25	(c) Each county election board shall have the names of all
26	candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public
27	questions printed on ballot labels for use on a voting machine as
28	provided in this chapter.
29	(d) The county may include a ballot variation code to ensure
30	that the proper version of a ballot label is used within a precinct.
31	(e) Each type of ballot label or paster must be of uniform size
32	and of the same quality and color of paper (except as permitted
33	under IC 3-10-1-17).
34	(f) The nominees of a political party or an independent
35	candidate or ticket nominated by petitioners shall be listed on the
36	ballot label with the name and device set forth on the certification
37	or petition. The circle containing the device may be of any size that
38	permits a voter to readily identify the device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies
39	if the certification or petition does not include a name or device, or
40	if the same device is selected by two (2) or more parties or
41	petitioners.

(g) The ballot labels must list the offices on the general election



1	ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, IC 3-11-2-12.2,
2	IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a),
3	IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c), IC 3-11-2-14(a), and
4	IC 3-11-2-14(d). Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the
5	offices and public questions may be listed in a continuous column,
6	either vertically or horizontally. However, school board offices,
7	public questions concerning the retention of a justice or judge,
8	local nonpartisan judicial offices, and local public questions must
9	be placed in separate columns.
10	(h) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in
11	bold type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be
12	placed immediately below the name of the office and above the
13	name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the
14	number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
15	(i) Below the name of the office and the statement required by
16	subsection (h), the names of the candidates for each office must be
17	grouped together in the following order:
18	(1) The major political party whose candidate received the
19	highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at
20	the last election is listed first.
21	(2) The major political party whose candidate received the
22	second highest number of votes in the county for secretary of
23	state is listed second.
24	(3) All other political parties listed in the order that the
25	parties' candidates for secretary of state finished in the last
26	election are listed after the party listed in subdivision (2).
27	(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary
28	of state in the last election or a nominee is an independent
29	candidate or ticket, the party or candidate is listed after the
30	parties described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).
31	(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent
32	candidate or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be
33	on the ballot, the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in
34	the order in which the party filed its petition of nomination
35	under IC 3-8-6-12.
36	(6) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the
37	ballot label.
38	(j) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established
39	by subsection (i) must be printed in type with uniform capital
40	letters, with a uniform space between each name. The name of the
41	candidate's political party, or the word "Independent", if the:



(1) candidate; or

1	(2) ticket of candidates for:
2	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
3	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;
4	is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the
5	name of the candidate and must be printed in uniform size and
6	type.
7	(k) All the candidates of the same political party or independent
8	ticket for election to at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body
9	of a political subdivision must be grouped together:
10	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are
11	seeking;
12	(2) in the party order established by subsection (i); and
13	(3) within the political party or independent ticket, in
14	alphabetical order according to surname; and
15	a statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
16	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of
17	the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
18	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party or ticket for
19	this office.".
20	(1) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing
21	body of a school corporation must be grouped:
22	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are
23	seeking; and
24	(2) in alphabetical order according to surname; and
25	a statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
26	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of
27	the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
28	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
29	(m) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7 must be
30	placed at the top or beginning of the ballot label before the first
31	office is listed.
32	(n) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(c),
33	and IC 3-11-2-10(d) may be:
34	(1) placed on the ballot label; or
35	(2) posted in a location within the voting booth that permits
36	the voter to easily read the instructions.
37	(o) The voting machine must include a lever for voting a straight
38	party or an independent ticket, and the lever must be identified by:
39	(1) the name of the political party or independent ticket; and
40	(2) immediately below or beside the political party's or
41	independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket
42	(described in IC 3-11-2-5).



The name and device of each political party or independent tick	et
must be of uniform size and type and arranged in the order	er
established by subsection (i) for listing candidates under eac	h
office. The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-10(b) for voting	a
straight party ticket and the statement concerning presidentia	al
electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 may be placed on the ballo	
label or in a location that permits the voter to easily read th	ıe
instructions.	
(p) A public question must be in the form described i	in
IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b). Except as expressl	
10 3-11-2-13(a) and 10 3-11-2-13(b). Except as expressi	y

- (p) A public question must be in the form described in IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b). Except as expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print a ballot label that contains language concerning the public question other than the language authorized by a statute.
  - (q) The requirements in this section:
    - (1) do not replace; and
  - (2) are in addition to;

- any other requirements in this title that apply to ballots for voting machines.
- (r) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a ballot label does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or mistakes by voters.
- SECTION 21. IC 3-11-13-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) The ballot information, whether placed on the ballot card or on the marking device, should as far as practicable must be in the order of arrangement provided for ballots under IC 3-11-2. However, the ballot information may be in vertical or horizontal rows or in a number of separate pages. Ballot cards for all public questions must be provided in the same manner and must be arranged on or in the marking device in the places provided for that purpose: this section.
- (b) Each county election board shall have the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public questions printed on a ballot card as provided in this chapter. The county may:
  - (1) print all offices and questions on a single ballot card; and
  - (2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot is used within a precinct.
- (c) Each type of ballot card must be of uniform size, of the same quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).
  - (d) The nominees of a political party or an independent







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candidate or ticket nominated by petitioners shall be listed on the
ballot with the name and device set forth on the certification or
petition. The circle containing the device may be of any size that
permits a voter to readily identify the device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies
if the certification or petition does not include a name or device, or
if the same device is selected by two (2) or more parties or
petitioners.
(e) The offices on the general election hallot must be placed on

- (e) The offices on the general election ballot must be placed on the ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, IC 3-11-2-12.2, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c), IC 3-11-2-14(a), and IC 3-11-2-14(d). The offices and public questions may be listed in a continuous column either vertically or horizontally and on a number of separate pages. However, school board offices, public questions concerning the retention of a justice or judge, local nonpartisan judicial offices, and local public questions must be placed at the beginning of separate columns.
- (f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
- (g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be grouped together in the following order:
  - (1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the last election is listed first.
  - (2) The major political party whose candidate received the second highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state is listed second.
  - (3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties' candidates for secretary of state finished in the last election are listed third after the party listed in subdivision (2).
  - (4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of state in the last election or a nominee is an independent candidate or ticket, the party or candidate is listed after the parties described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).
  - (5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot, the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in











1	the order in which the party filed its petition of nomination
2	under IC 3-8-6-12.
3	(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates
4	listed in subdivisions (1) through (5).
5	(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the
6	ballot.
7	(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order
8	established by subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform
9	capital letters, with a uniform space between each name. The name
10	of the candidate's political party, or the word "Independent", if
11	the:
12	(1) candidate; or
13	(2) ticket of candidates for:
14	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
15	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;
16	is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the
17	name of the candidate and must be printed in a uniform size and
18	type.
19	(i) All the candidates of the same political party or independent
20	ticket for election to at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body
21	of a political subdivision must be grouped together:
22	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are
23	seeking;
24	(2) in the order established by subsection (g); and
25	(3) within the political party or independent ticket, in
26	alphabetical order according to surname; and
27	a statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
28	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of
29	the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
30	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party or ticket for
31	this office.".
32	(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing
33	body of a school corporation must be grouped:
34	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are
35	seeking; and
36	(2) in alphabetical order according to surname; and
37	a statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
38	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of
39	the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
40	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
41	(k) The following information must be placed at the top of the



ballot before the first office is listed:

1	(1) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7.
2	(2) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(c),
3	and IC 3-11-2-10(d).
4	(l) The ballot must include a single connectable arrow, oval, or
5	square, or a voting position for voting a straight party or an
6	independent ticket by one (1) mark as required by section 14 of this
7	chapter, and the single connectable arrow, oval, or square, or the
8	voting position for casting a straight party or an independent ticket
9	ballot must be identified by:
10	(1) the name of the political party or independent ticket; and
11	(2) immediately below or beside the political party's or
12	independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket
13	(described in IC 3-11-2-5).
14	The name and device of each political party or independent ticket
15	must be of uniform size and type and arranged in the order
16	established by subsection (g) for listing candidates under each
17	office. The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-10(b) for voting a
18	straight party ticket and the statement concerning presidential
19	electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 may be placed on the ballot
20	beside or above the names and devices within the voting booth in
21	a location that permits the voter to easily read the instructions.
22	(m) A public question must be in the form described in
23	IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a single
24	connectable arrow or an oval may be used instead of a square.
25	Except as expressly authorized or required by statute, a county
26	election board may not print a ballot card that contains language
27	concerning the public question other than the language authorized
28	by a statute.
29	(n) The requirements in this section:
30	(1) do not replace; and
31	(2) are in addition to;
32	any other requirements in this title that apply to optical scan
33	ballots.
34	(o) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when
35	a ballot does not comply with the requirements imposed by this
36	title or contains another error or omission that might result in
37	confusion or mistakes by voters.
38	(p) This subsection applies to an optical scan ballot that does not
39	list:
40	(1) the names of political parties or candidates; or



42

(2) the text of public questions;

on the face of the ballot. The ballot must be prepared in accordance

1	with this section, except that the ballot must include a numbered
(	oval to refer to each political party, candidate, or public question.
	(q) This subsection:
	(1) applies to a punch card ballot voting system; and
	(2) expires December 31, 2005.
]	Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a punch card ballot
I	nust include a numbered box and chad in the locations and in the
l	ayout specified by this section for connectable arrows, ovals, or
S	equares.
	SECTION 22. IC 3-11-13-31.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003,
5	SECTION 161, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[	EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 31.7. (a) This section is enacted
t	o comply with 42 U.S.C. 15481 by establishing uniform and
r	nondiscriminatory standards to define what constitutes a vote on an
(	optical scan voting system.
	(b) After receiving ballot cards, a voter shall, without leaving the
r	room, go alone into one (1) of the booths or compartments that is
ι	inoccupied and indicate:
	(1) the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote by punching
	a hole in or marking the connectable arrows, ovals, or squares
	immediately beside:
	(A) the candidates' names; or
	(B) the numbers referring to the candidates; and
	(2) the voter's preference on each public question by punching a
	hole in or marking the connectable arrow, oval, or square
	beside:
	(A) the word "yes" or "no" under the question; or
	(B) the number referring to the word "yes" or "no" on the
	ballot.
	(c) If an election is a general or municipal election and a voter
(	lesires to vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or group
(	of petitioners, the voter may punch a hole in or mark:
	(1) the circle enclosing the device; and beside the name under
	which the candidates of the party or group of petitioners are
	<del>printed.</del> or
	(2) the connectable arrow, oval, or square described in section
	13 of this chapter;
t	hat designates the candidates of that political party or group of
I	petitioners. The voter's vote shall then be counted for all the
	$example and idates \verb  under  of that \verb  name . \verb  political party  or \verb  group  of petitioners.$
	However, if the voter punches a hole in or marks the circle, arrow,
	aval or square of an independent ticket comprised of two (2)



candidates, the vote shall not be counted for any other independent candidate on the ballot.

SECTION 23. IC 3-11-14-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) The county election board shall furnish ballot labels prepared as required by section 3.5 of this chapter.

- **(b)** The **county election** board shall have them the ballot labels printed:
  - (1) in black ink on clear white material;
  - (2) in the size that will fit on an electronic system; and
  - (3) in plain, clear type as space will reasonably permit.

SECTION 24. IC 3-11-14-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.5. (a) Each county election board shall have the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political party offices, and public questions printed on ballot labels for use in an electronic voting system as provided in this chapter.

(b) The county may:

- (1) print all offices and questions on a single ballot label; and
- (2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot label is used within a precinct.
- (c) Each type of ballot label or paster must be of uniform size and of the same quality and color of paper (except as permitted under IC 3-10-1-17).
- (d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate or ticket nominated by petitioners must be listed on the ballot label with the name and device set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2) or more parties or petitioners.
- (e) The ballot labels must list the offices on the general election ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, IC 3-11-2-12.2, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c), IC 3-11-2-14(a), and IC 3-11-2-14(d). Each office and public question may have a separate screen, or the offices and public questions may be listed in a continuous column either vertically or horizontally. However, school board offices, public questions concerning the retention of a justice or judge, local nonpartisan judicial offices, and local public questions shall be placed at the beginning of separate

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1	columns or pages.
2	(f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in
3	bold type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be
4	placed immediately below the name of the office and above the
5	name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the
6	number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
7	(g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by
8	subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be
9	grouped together in the following order:
10	(1) The major political party whose candidate received the
11	highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at
12	the last election is listed first.
13	(2) The major political party whose candidate received the
14	second highest number of votes in the county for secretary of
15	state is listed second.
16	(3) All other political parties listed in the order that the
17	parties' candidates for secretary of state finished in the last
18	election are listed third after the party listed in subdivision
19	(2).
20	(4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary
21	of state in the last election or a nominee is an independent
22	candidate or ticket, the party or candidate is listed after the
23	parties described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).
24	(5) If more than one (1) political party or independent
25	candidate or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be
26	on the ballot, the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in
27	the order in which the party filed its petition of nomination
28	under IC 3-8-6-12.
29	(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates
30	listed in subdivisions (1) through (5).
31	(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the
32	ballot.
33	(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order
34	established by subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform
35	capital letters, with a uniform space between each name. The name
36	of the candidate's political party, or the word "Independent", if
37	the:
38	(1) candidate; or
39	(2) ticket of candidates for:
40	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
41	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;
42	is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the



1	name of the candidate and must be printed in uniform size and	
2	type.	
3	(i) All the candidates of the same political party or independent	
4	ticket for election to at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body	
5	of a political subdivision must be grouped together:	
6	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are	
7	seeking;	
8	(2) in the party order established by subsection (g); and	
9	(3) within the political party or independent ticket, in	
10	alphabetical order according to surname; and	4
11	a statement reading substantially as follows must be placed	
12	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of	
13	the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of	
14	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party or ticket for	
15	this office.".	
16	(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing	
17	body of a school corporation must be grouped:	
18	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are	
19	seeking; and	
20	(2) in alphabetical order according to surname; and	
21	a statement reading substantially as follows must be placed	
22	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of	
23	the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of	
24	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".	
25	(k) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7 must be	
26	placed at the top or beginning of the ballot label before the first	
27	office is listed.	
28	(1) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(c),	
29	and IC 3-11-2-10(d) may be:	
30	(1) placed on the ballot label; or	
31	(2) posted in a location within the voting booth that permits	
32	the voter to easily read the instructions.	
33	(m) The ballot label must include a touch sensitive point or	
34	button for voting a straight political party or independent ticket by	
35	one (1) touch, and the touch sensitive point or button must be	
36	identified by:	
37	(1) the name of the political party or independent ticket; and	
38	(2) immediately below or beside the political party's or	
39	independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket	
40	(described in IC 3-11-2-5).	
41	The name and device of each party or ticket must be of uniform	

size and type, and arranged in the order established by subsection



- (g) for listing candidates under each office. The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-10(b) for voting a straight party ticket and the statement concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 may be placed on the ballot label or in a location within the voting booth that permits the voter to easily read the instructions.
- (n) A public question must be in the form described in IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a touch sensitive point or button must be used instead of a square. Except as expressly authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print a ballot label that contains language concerning the public question other than the language authorized by a statute.
  - (o) The requirements in this section:
    - (1) do not replace; and
  - (2) are in addition to;

- any other requirements in this title that apply to ballots for electronic voting systems.
- (p) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a ballot label does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or mistakes by voters.

SECTION 25. IC 3-11-14-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. Each county election board shall, before election day, have the proper ballot labels **prepared as required by section 3.5 of this chapter and** put on each electronic voting system. with the device named and the list of candidates of each political party or independent candidate or ticket in the same order as on the sample ballot.

SECTION 26. IC 3-11-14-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. In school district elections, the county election board shall arrange the names of candidates in alphabetical order on an electronic voting system in such a way that the name of each candidate appears in the same column of each system used in each precinct as required by section 3.5 of this chapter.

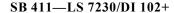
SECTION 27. IC 3-11-14-23, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003, SECTION 162, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 23. (a) This section is enacted to comply with 42 U.S.C. 15481 by establishing uniform and nondiscriminatory standards to define what constitutes a vote on an electronic voting system.

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1	(b) If a voter is not challenged by a member of the precinct election
2	board, the voter may pass the railing to the side where an electronic
3	voting system is and into the voting booth. There the voter shall register
4	the voter's vote in secret by indicating:
5	(1) the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote by touching
6	a device on or in the squares immediately above the candidates'
7	names;
8	(2) if the voter intends to cast a write-in vote, a write-in vote by
9	touching a device on or in the square immediately below the
10	candidates' names and printing the name of the candidate in the
11	window provided for write-in voting; and
12	(3) the voter's preference on each public question by touching a
13	device above the word "yes" or "no" under the question.
14	(c) If an election is a general or municipal election and a voter
15	desires to vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or group
16	of petitioners, the voter may cast a straight party ticket by touching that
17	party's device. The voter's vote shall then be counted for all the
18	candidates under that name. However, if the voter casts a vote by
19	touching the circle of an independent ticket comprised of two (2)
20	candidates, the vote shall not be counted for any other independent
21	candidate on the ballot.
22	(d) After December 31, 2005, as provided by 42 U.S.C. 15481, a
23	voter casting a ballot on an electronic voting system must be:
24	(1) permitted to verify in a private and an independent manner the
25	votes selected by the voter before the ballot is cast and counted;
26	(2) provided the opportunity to change the ballot or correct any
27	error in a private and independent manner before the ballot is cast
28	and counted, including the opportunity to receive a replacement
29	ballot if the voter is otherwise unable to change or correct the
30	ballot; and
31	(3) notified before the ballot is cast regarding the effect of casting
32	multiple votes for the office and provided an opportunity to
33	correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted.
34	SECTION 28. IC 3-12-1-9.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9.5. (a) This
36	section applies to counting votes cast on ballot cards.
37	(b) As used in this section, "chad" means the part of a ballot card
38	that indicates a vote on the card when entirely punched out by the
39	voter.
40	(c) (b) A chad that has been pierced, but not entirely punched out of

the card, shall be counted as a vote for the indicated candidate or for



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the indicated response to a public question.

1	(d) (c) A chad that has been indented, but not in any way separated
2	from the remainder of the card, may not be counted as a vote for a
3	candidate or on a public question.
4	(e) (d) Whenever:
5	(1) a ballot card contains a numbered box indicating which chad
6	should be punched out by the voter to cast a vote for a candidate
7	or on a public question;
8	(2) the indicated chad has not been punched out; and
9	(3) a hole has been made in the card that touches any part of the
10	numbered box;
11	the hole shall be counted as a vote for the candidate or on the public
12	question as if the indicated chad had been punched out. However, if a
13	hole has been made in the ballot that does not touch a numbered box
14	or punch out a chad, the hole may not be counted as a vote for a
15	candidate or on a public question.
16	(f) (e) Whenever:
17	(1) a chad has been punched out of a ballot card;
18	(2) a numbered box indicates that another chad may be punched
19	out to cast a vote for:
20	(A) a different candidate for the same office as the candidate
21	for whom a vote was cast under subdivision (1); or
22	(B) a different response to the same public question on which
23	a vote was cast under subdivision (1); and
24	(3) a hole has been punched in the card that touches the numbered
25	box described in subdivision (2);
26	neither the chad described in subdivision (1) nor the hole described in
27	subdivision (3) may be counted as a vote for a candidate or on a public
28	question.
29	(g) (f) This subsection applies to a ballot card that:
30	(1) has been cast in a precinct whose votes are being recounted by
31	a local recount commission or the state recount commission;
32	(2) is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted
33	by automated tabulating machines; and
34	(3) cannot be counted for the office subject to the recount due to
35	the damage or defect.
36	The ballot card shall be remade only if the conditions in subdivisions
37	(1) through (3) exist.
38	(g) Subsections (b) through (e) expire December 31, 2005.
39	SECTION 29. IC 20-4-1-26.4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 26.4. (a) This
41	section applies to each school corporation, whenever created.
42	(b) If a plan provides for the election of members of the board of



school trustees of the community school corporation at a primary election, at the time provided by IC 3-8-2 for the filing of notice of candidacies for the primary election next following the creation of the community school corporation, nominations for members of the board of school trustees of the community school corporation may be made by a petition signed by the candidates and ten (10) registered voters residing within the boundaries of the community school corporation.

- (c) A petition must be filed with the circuit court clerk of the county that contains the greatest percentage of population of the school corporation. If the plan requires residence in a specified district or voting solely in a specified district for a board member office, the petition must clearly state the residence or electoral district from or for which the person is a candidate. If a school corporation is located in more than one (1) county, the circuit court clerk shall, after determining that a petition complies with subsection (b), promptly certify to each circuit court clerk of a county in which the school corporation is located, the names of the candidates to be placed on the ballot.
- (d) If a plan provides for an election of members of the board of school trustees at a general election, the filing of notice of candidates must be made in the manner provided for filing at primary elections under this section. The filing must be made within the same period of time before the general election as would have been required before the primary election had the election been held at the latter time.
- (e) All nominations shall be listed for each office in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-1-19 or IC 3-11-2, IC 3-11, but without party designation. Voting and tabulation of votes shall be conducted in the same manner as voting and tabulation in primary elections are conducted. The precinct election boards serving at each primary election in each county shall conduct the election for school board members. If a school corporation is located in more than one (1) county, each county election board shall print the ballots required for voters in that county to vote for candidates for members of the board of school trustees of the school corporation.
- (f) If the plan provides that the board of school trustees shall be elected by all the voters of the community school corporation, candidates shall be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-1-19 or <del>IC 3-11-2, IC 3-11, without party designation.</del> Candidates elected shall be those having the greatest number of votes.
- (g) If the plan provides that members of the board of school trustees are to be elected from residence districts by all voters in the community school corporation, nominees for the board of school trustees shall be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-1-19 or













<del>IC 3-11-2,</del> <b>IC 3-11,</b> by residence districts without party designation.
The ballot must state the number of members to be voted upon and the
maximum number that may be elected from each residence district as
provided in the plan. A ballot is not valid where more than the
maximum number are voted upon from a board member residence
district. Candidates having the greatest number of votes are elected.
However, if more than the maximum number that may be elected from
a residence district are among those having the greatest number of
votes, the lowest of those candidates from the residence districts in
excess of the maximum number shall be eliminated in determining the
candidates who are elected

(h) If the plan provides that members of the board of school trustees are to be elected from electoral districts solely by the voters of each district, nominees residing in each electoral district shall be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-1-19 or IC 3-11-2, IC 3-11, without party designation. The ballot must state the number to be voted on from the electoral district. Candidates residing in the electoral district having the greatest number of votes are elected.

SECTION 30. IC 33-2.1-2-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.202-1999, SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) Justices and judges of the supreme court and the court of appeals shall be approved or rejected by the electorate of the state pursuant to Article 7, Section 11 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.

- (b) A justice or judge who wishes to be retained in office shall file a statement with the secretary of state, not later than noon July 15 of the year in which the question of retention of the justice or judge is to be placed on the general election ballot, indicating that the justice or judge wishes to have the question of the justice's or judge's retention placed on the ballot. The justice's or judge's statement must include a statement of the justice's or judge's name as:
  - (1) the justice or judge wants the justice's or judge's name to appear on the ballot; and
  - (2) the candidate's name is permitted to appear on the ballot under IC 3-5-7.
  - (c) This subsection applies to a justice or judge:
    - (1) who does not file a statement under subsection (b); and
    - (2) whose term expires under Article 7, Section 11 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana during the year in which the question of the retention of the justice or judge would have been placed on the general election ballot.

The term of a justice or judge expires December 31 of the year in









which the question of the justice's or judge's retention would have been placed on the ballot.

- (d) This subsection applies to a justice or judge:
  - (1) who files a statement under subsection (b); and
  - (2) whose retention is rejected by the electorate.

The term of a justice or judge ends when the secretary of state issues a certificate under IC 3-12-5-1 stating that the justice or judge has been removed. However, if the justice or judge has filed a petition for a recount under IC 3-12-11, the term of the justice or judge does not end until the state recount commission has issued a certificate under IC 3-12-11-18 stating that the electorate has rejected the retention of the justice or judge.

- (e) The question of approval or rejection of a justice or judge shall be placed on the general election ballot in the form prescribed by <del>IC 3-11-2 IC 3-11</del> and must state "Shall Judge or Justice (insert name (as permitted under IC 3-5-7) here) be retained in office?".
- (f) The statement filed under subsection (b) must include a statement that the judge or justice requests the name on the judge's or justice's voter registration record be the same as the name the judge or justice uses on the statement. If there is a difference between the name on the judge's or justice's statement and the name on the judge's or justice's voter registration record, the officer with whom the statement is filed shall forward the information to the voter registration officer of the appropriate county as required by IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter registration officer of the appropriate county shall change the name on the judge's or justice's voter registration record to be the same as the name on the judge's or justice's statement.

SECTION 31. IC 33-4-4-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) A judge of the circuit court shall be elected under IC 3-10-2-11 by the voters of each circuit.

(b) In any circuit for which IC 33-4-1 provides more than one (1) judge of the circuit court, the county election board shall assign a number to each seat on the court. After that, any candidate for judge of the circuit court must file a declaration of candidacy under IC 3-8-2 or petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6 for one (1) specified seat of the court. Each seat on the court shall be listed separately on the election ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-1-19 and IC 3-11-2. IC 3-11.

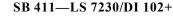
SECTION 32. IC 33-5-5.1-29.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 29.1. (a) All candidates for each respective Allen superior court judgeship shall be listed on the general election ballot in the form prescribed by













1	IC 3-11-2, IC 3-11, without party designation. The candidate receiving
2	the highest number of votes for each judgeship shall be elected to that
3	office.
4	(b) IC 3, except where inconsistent with this chapter, applies to
5	elections held under this chapter.
6	(c) The term of each Allen superior court judge:
7	(1) begins January 1 following election and ends December 31
8	following the election of a successor; and
9	(2) is six (6) years.
10	SECTION 33. IC 33-5-29.5-42 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
11	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 42. (a) The
12	question of the retention in office or rejection of each judge of the
13	following divisions of the superior court of Lake County shall be
14	submitted to the electorate of Lake County at the general election
15	immediately preceding expiration of the term of such judge:
16	(1) Civil division.
17	(2) Criminal division.
18	(3) Juvenile division.
19	(b) At such general election the question of the retention in office
20	or rejection of a judge described in subsection (a) shall be submitted to
21	the electorate of Lake County in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2
22	IC 3-11 and must state "Shall Judge (insert name) of the superior court
23	of Lake County be retained in office for an additional term?".
24	(c) If that a majority of the ballots cast by the electors voting on any
25	such question shall be "Yes", the judge whose name appeared on such
26	question shall be approved for a six (6) year term commencing on
27	January 1 following the general election as provided in section 41(b)
28	of this chapter.
29	(d) If that a majority of the ballots cast by the electors voting on any
30	such question shall be "No", the judge whose name appeared on such
31	question shall be rejected. The office of the rejected judge shall be
32	vacant on January 1 following the rejection. The vacancy shall be filled
33	by appointment by the governor pursuant to section 39 of this chapter.
34	(e) The Lake County election board shall submit the question of the
35	retention in office or rejection of a judge described in subsection (a) to
36	the electorate of Lake County. The submission of the question is
37	subject to the provisions of IC 3 that are not inconsistent with this
38	chapter.

(f) If a judge who is appointed does not desire to serve any further

term, the judge shall notify in writing the clerk of the Lake circuit court

at least sixty (60) days prior to any such general election, in which case

the question of that judge's retention in office or rejection shall not be



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submitted to the electorate, and the office shall become vacant at the expiration of the term.

SECTION 34. IC 33-5-40-47 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 47. (a) The question of the retention in office or rejection of each judge of the St. Joseph superior court shall be submitted to the electorate of St. Joseph County at the general election immediately preceding expiration of the term of that judge.

- (b) In the event that any judge subject to this chapter does not desire to serve a further term, the judge shall so notify in writing the clerk of the St. Joseph circuit court at least sixty (60) days prior to the general election immediately preceding expiration of the judge's term in which case the question of the judge's retention in office or rejection shall not be submitted to the electorate and the office shall be vacant at the expiration of the term.
- (c) The St. Joseph County election board shall submit the question of the retention in office or rejection of any judge to the electorate of St. Joseph County. The submission of this question shall be subject to the provisions of IC 3 that are not inconsistent with this chapter.
- (d) At the general election the question of the retention in office or rejection of a judge shall be submitted to the electorate of St. Joseph County in the form prescribed by <del>IC 3-11-2 IC 3-11</del> and must state "Shall Judge (insert name) of the St. Joseph superior court be retained in office for an additional term?".
- (e) In the event that a majority of the ballots cast by the electors voting on any such question shall be "No", the judge whose name appeared on such question shall be rejected. The office of the rejected judge shall be vacant on January 1 following the rejection. The vacancy shall be filled by appointment of the governor pursuant to section 44 of this chapter. The name of the rejected judge shall not be included among those submitted to the governor. However, the judge's rejection shall not disqualify a rejected judge from being considered for another judicial office then vacant or thereafter becoming vacant.

SECTION 35. IC 33-5-43.2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.176-1999, SECTION 129, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) The judge of the Vanderburgh circuit court and each of the seven (7) judges of the Vanderburgh superior court shall be elected in nonpartisan elections every six (6) years.

(b) During the period under IC 3-8-2-4 in which a declaration of candidacy may be filed for a primary election, any person desiring to become a candidate for any one of the eight (8) judgeships affected by

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this chapter shall file with the election division a declaration of candidacy adapted from the form prescribed under IC 3-8-2, signed be the candidate and designating on the declaration which judgeship the candidate seeks. Any petition without such designation shall be rejected by the election division (or by the Indiana election commission)
under IC 3-8-1-2). To be eligible for election, a candidate must be:
(1) domiciled in the county of Vanderburgh;
(2) a citizen of the United States; and
(3) admitted to the practice of law in this state.
(c) If an individual who files a declaration under subsection (b
ceases to be a candidate after the final date for filing a declaration

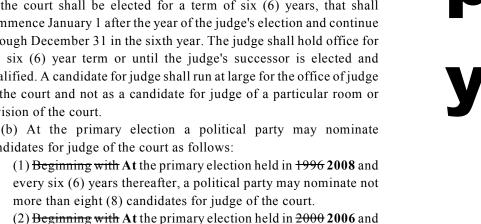
- under subsection (b), the election division may accept the filing of additional declarations of candidacy for that judgeship not later than noon August 1. (d) All candidates for each respective judgeship shall be listed on
- the general election ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-11-2, IC 3-11, without party designation. The candidate receiving the highest number of votes for each judgeship shall be elected to that office.
- (e) IC 3, where not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, applies to elections under this chapter.

SECTION 36. IC 33-5.1-2-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) Each judge of the court shall be elected for a term of six (6) years, that shall commence January 1 after the year of the judge's election and continue through December 31 in the sixth year. The judge shall hold office for the six (6) year term or until the judge's successor is elected and qualified. A candidate for judge shall run at large for the office of judge of the court and not as a candidate for judge of a particular room or division of the court.

- candidates for judge of the court as follows:
  - every six (6) years thereafter, a political party may nominate not more than nine (9) candidates for judge of the court.

The candidates shall be voted on at the general election. Other candidates may qualify under IC 3-8-6 to be voted on at the general election.

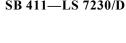
(c) The names of the party candidates nominated and properly certified to the Marion County election board, along with the names of





1	other candidates who have qualified, shall be placed on the ballot at the	
2	general election in the form prescribed by <del>IC 3-11-2.</del> <b>IC 3-11.</b> All	
3	persons eligible to vote at the general election may vote for candidates	
4	for judge of the court as follows:	
5	(1) Beginning with At the 1996 2008 general election and every	
6	six (6) years thereafter, for fifteen (15) candidates for judge of the	
7	court.	
8	(2) Beginning with At the 2000 2006 general election and every	
9	six (6) years thereafter, for seventeen (17) candidates for judge of	
10	the court.	
11	(d) The candidates for judge of the court receiving the highest	
12	number of votes shall be elected to the vacancies. The names of the	
13	candidates elected as judges of the court shall be certified to the county	
14	election board as provided by law.	
15	SECTION 37. IC 33-10.5-4-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) The number	
17	of county court judges required by IC 33-10.5-1 shall be elected under	
18	IC 3-10-2-11 by the voters of each county or by the voters of two (2)	
19	counties if a judge is required to serve two (2) counties. The term of	
20	office of a county court judge is six (6) years, beginning on January 1	
21	after election and continuing until a successor is elected and qualified.	
22	(b) In any county for which IC 33-10.5-1 provides more than one (1)	
23	judge of the county court, the county election board shall assign a	
24	number to each division of the court. After that, any candidate for judge	_
25	of the county court must file a declaration of candidacy under IC 3-8-2	
26	or petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6 for one (1) specified division	
27	of the court. Each division of the court shall be listed separately on the	
28	election ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-1-19 and IC 3-11-2.	V
29	IC 3-11.	

SECTION 38. An emergency is declared for this act.



#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Elections and Civic Affairs, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 411, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 1, line 3, after "Sec. 8.7." insert "(a)".

Page 1, between lines 5 and 6, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(b) This section expires December 31, 2005.".

Page 2, line 15, delete "," and insert "or (d),".

Page 2, between lines 22 and 23, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(d) This subsection applies to an optical scan ballot card voting system that does not list the name of a candidate on the ballot card. The name of each candidate who has qualified under IC 3-8 shall be placed on the ballot and indicated by reference to a number printed on the optical scan ballot card."

Page 2, line 23, delete "(d)" and insert "(e)".

Page 3, line 2, after "column." insert "For optical scan ballots that do not contain a candidate's name, print: To vote for a person, shade in the oval that precedes the number assigned to the person's name in the proper column.".

Page 3, line 4, delete "spot" and insert "location".

Page 6, line 31, after "the ballot" insert ".".

Page 6, line 31, strike "if paper ballots or a ballot card voting".

Page 6, strike line 32.

Page 6, line 33, strike "used, in the first column or row.".

Page 6, line 36, after "column" insert ".".

Page 6, line 36, strike "or row."

Page 7, line 6, delete "a" and insert "an optical scan".

Page 7, between lines 31 and 32, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 13. IC 3-10-4-2.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 2.3. (a) This section applies when a punch card ballot is used.** 

- (b) A chad must be printed immediately opposite the number assigned to the names of the nominees for President and Vice President of the United States for each political party or group of petitioners as described in section 1(b)(4) of this chapter.
- (c) The nominees for President and Vice President of the United States must be grouped under the names of the offices in the order established by IC 3-11-13-11.
  - (d) This section expires December 31, 2005.".

SB 411—LS 7230/DI 102+









Page 8, between lines 15 and 16, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(c) This chapter does not apply to:
  - (1) a voting machine; or
  - (2) a punch card ballot voting system.

This subsection expires December 31, 2005.".

Page 17, between lines 12 and 13, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(p) This subsection applies to an optical scan ballot that does not list:
  - (1) the names of political parties or candidates; or
  - (2) the text of public questions;

on the face of the ballot. The ballot must be prepared in accordance with this section, except that the ballot must include a numbered oval to refer to each political party, candidate, or public question.

- (q) This subsection:
  - (1) applies to a punch card ballot voting system; and
  - (2) expires December 31, 2005.

Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a punch card ballot must include a numbered box and chad in the locations and in the layout specified by this section for connectable arrows, ovals, or squares.

SECTION 22. IC 3-11-13-31.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003, SECTION 161, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 31.7. (a) This section is enacted to comply with 42 U.S.C. 15481 by establishing uniform and nondiscriminatory standards to define what constitutes a vote on an optical scan voting system.

- (b) After receiving ballot cards, a voter shall, without leaving the room, go alone into one (1) of the booths or compartments that is unoccupied and indicate:
  - (1) the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote by punching a hole in or marking the **connectable arrows**, **ovals**, **or** squares immediately beside:
    - (A) the candidates' names; or
    - (B) the numbers referring to the candidates; and
  - (2) the voter's preference on each public question by punching a hole in or marking the **connectable arrow**, **oval**, **or** square beside:
    - (A) the word "yes" or "no" under the question; or
    - (B) the number referring to the word "yes" or "no" on the ballot.
  - (c) If an election is a general or municipal election and a voter

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desires to vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or group of petitioners, the voter may punch a hole in or mark:

- (1) the circle enclosing the device; and beside the name under which the candidates of the party or group of petitioners are printed. or
- (2) the connectable arrow, oval, or square described in section 13 of this chapter;

that designates the candidates of that political party or group of petitioners. The voter's vote shall then be counted for all the candidates under of that name. political party or group of petitioners. However, if the voter punches a hole in or marks the circle, arrow, oval, or square of an independent ticket comprised of two (2) candidates, the vote shall not be counted for any other independent candidate on the ballot."

Page 21, between lines 4 and 5, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 26. IC 3-11-14-23, AS AMENDED BY P.L.209-2003, SECTION 162, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 23. (a) This section is enacted to comply with 42 U.S.C. 15481 by establishing uniform and nondiscriminatory standards to define what constitutes a vote on an electronic voting system.

- (b) If a voter is not challenged by a member of the precinct election board, the voter may pass the railing to the side where an electronic voting system is and into the voting booth. There the voter shall register the voter's vote in secret by indicating:
  - (1) the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote by touching a device on or in the squares immediately above the candidates' names:
  - (2) if the voter intends to cast a write-in vote, a write-in vote by touching a device on or in the square immediately below the candidates' names and printing the name of the candidate in the window provided for write-in voting; and
  - (3) the voter's preference on each public question by touching a device above the word "yes" or "no" under the question.
- (c) If an election is a general or municipal election and a voter desires to vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or group of petitioners, the voter may cast a straight party ticket by touching that party's device. The voter's vote shall then be counted for all the candidates under that name. However, if the voter casts a vote by touching the circle of an independent ticket comprised of two (2) candidates, the vote shall not be counted for any other independent candidate on the ballot.

SB 411—LS 7230/DI 102+











- (d) **After December 31, 2005,** as provided by 42 U.S.C. 15481, a voter casting a ballot on an electronic voting system must be:
  - (1) permitted to verify in a private and an independent manner the votes selected by the voter before the ballot is cast and counted;
  - (2) provided the opportunity to change the ballot or correct any error in a private and independent manner before the ballot is cast and counted, including the opportunity to receive a replacement ballot if the voter is otherwise unable to change or correct the ballot; and
  - (3) notified before the ballot is cast regarding the effect of casting multiple votes for the office and provided an opportunity to correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted.".

Page 22, between lines 8 and 9, begin a new paragraph and insert: "(g) Subsections (b) through (e) expire December 31, 2005.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 411 as introduced.)

LAWSON C, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 5, Nays 1.

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